### **Quarterly Asset Class Report**Tax Exempt Fixed Income

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Role in the Portfolio Fixed Income

Canterbury Consulting recommends and communicates asset-class strategy with the objective of constructing a diversified portfolio of fixed income strategies designed to (in aggregate):

- (i) Preserve capital and mitigate volatility
- (ii) Provide measured exposure to the diverse universe of fixed income securities
- (iii) Exhibit returns uncorrelated to equity markets



- Canterbury fixed income portfolios are expected to deliver consistent net of fees excess returns and moderate tracking error versus the Barclays Global Aggregate
- Relative to the index, Canterbury's current fixed income portfolios will exhibit lower duration, similar credit quality, and higher yields

	QTD	YTD	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	7 Years	10 Years
Barclays Global Aggregate	-0.92	-2.37	-1.32	1.98	0.75	0.86	2.89
Barclays US Agg Bond	0.02	-1.60	-1.22	1.31	2.16	2.02	3.77
U.S. Treasurys							
BofAML 3M US Treasury Note	0.51	1.35	1.62	0.84	0.52	0.40	0.36
Barclays Short Treasury	0.49	1.27	1.50	0.86	0.57	0.45	0.47
Barclays Intermediate Treasury	-0.12	-0.81	-1.22	0.17	0.93	0.88	2.20
Barclays Long Term US Treasury	-2.88	-5.79	-3.56	0.72	4.41	2.38	5.45
Barclays U.S. Treasury TIPS 0-5Y	0.11	0.81	1.01	1.38	0.63	0.69	1.66
Barclays US Treasury US TIPS	-0.82	-0.84	0.41	2.04	1.37	1.33	3.32
U.S. Corporate Credit							
Barclays US Corp IG	0.97	-2.33	-1.19	3.12	3.54	3.79	6.35
S&P/LSTA Leveraged Loan	1.84	4.03	5.19	5.32	4.13	5.25	6.15
BofAML US HY Master II	2.44	2.52	2.94	8.19	5.54	7.58	9.38
BofAML US HY BB-B Constrained	2.38	1.90	2.29	7.33	5.39	7.16	8.54
BofAML US Corporate AAA	0.11	-3.11	-1.45	2.52	3.39	2.39	4.30
BofAML US Corporate AA	0.59	-1.70	-0.86	2.21	3.03	3.04	4.93
BofAML US Corporate A	0.71	-2.44	-1.37	2.50	3.23	3.54	5.87
BofAML US Corps BBB	1.26	-2.04	-0.89	3.99	3.99	4.47	7.11
BofAML US High Yield BB	2.36	0.55	0.89	6.81	5.58	7.08	8.98
BofAML US High Yield B	2.41	3.48	3.87	8.03	5.19	7.27	8.21
BofAML US High Yield CCC	2.85	6.92	7.70	13.87	6.85	10.10	11.81
Securitized							
Barclays ABS	0.49	0.52	0.51	1.17	1.51	1.54	3.69
Barclays MBS	-0.12	-1.07	-0.92	0.98	2.02	1.79	3.34
Barclays CMBS	0.46	-0.93	-0.58	1.26	1.88	2.95	5.54
Municipals							
Barclays Municipal	-0.15	-0.40	0.35	2.24	3.54	3.36	4.75
Barclays Muni 1-10	-0.09	0.15	-0.24	1.21	1.88	1.96	3.15
Global							
Citi WGBI	-1.62	-2.55	-1.54	1.68	0.20	-0.06	2.21
Barclays GbI Agg Ex USD	-1.74	-3.03	-1.45	2.40	-0.33	-0.06	2.20
JPM EMBI Plus	1.48	-4.70	-5.01	4.81	4.24	4.85	6.84



### **Market Environment**





10-Year Sovereign Rates (%)											
Country	US	JAP	CHI*	GER	ITL	FRA	UK	BRA*	MXN*	SPA	CAN
Rates (6/30)	2.86	0.02	3.47	0.30	2.67	0.66	1.28	11.64	7.58	1.31	2.16
Rates (9/30)	3.06	0.11	3.61	0.47	3.14	0.71	1.57	11.73	7.91	1.50	2.42

### Fixed Income

- U.S. core fixed income posted flat returns on the back of rising inflation and higher growth expectations. The 10 year treasury rose by 20 basis points as a result
- Emerging Market debt continued to exhibit volatility as escalating concerns over global trade and an appreciating dollar put pressure on the space. Furthermore, idiosyncratic events in Argentina, Brazil, and Turkey resulted in broad-based volatility across EM
- U.S. high yield continued to be the best performing asset class in fixed income as strong growth and solid underlying fundamentals resulted in slightly tighter spreads over the quarter. However, investors should proceed with caution given currently high valuations

\*local currency

### **Market Environment**

# 8,000 7,000 6,000 95,000 2,000 1,000 0 1998 2000 2002 2004 2006 2008 2010 2012 2014 2016 2018 YTD Treasury Agency Muni Corporate MBS ABS

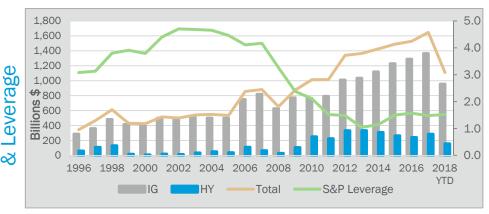
## EM Debt Size

Corporate Issuance

**Bond Issuance** 

U.S.





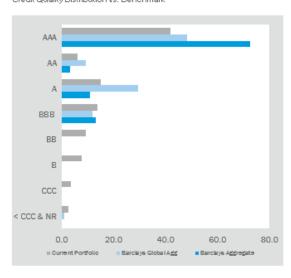
### Asset Class Report Updates

- U.S. treasury issuance significantly increased after the financial crisis.
   Since the Fed began tapering, treasury issuance plateaued while corporate and MBS issuance continued to grow
- The EM debt market has grown significantly since 1996. While investors have worried about EM liabilities denominated in U.S. dollars, debt denominated in local currency has exponentially grown since 2004
- Corporate leverage significantly decreased after 2008. Leverage in the U.S. and EM has since grown while leverage in Europe and Japan has moderated

### Sector Distribution

	Current Portfolio	Barclays Global Agg	Barolays Aggregate
US Treasury	18.1%	15.3%	37.8%
Agency	0.7%	5.5%	3.2%
Local Authority (non-US)	0.0%	3.0%	0.0%
Municipal (US)	0.3%	0.0%	0.9%
Sovereign (non-US)	12.5%	3.5%	2.5%
IG Corporate	15.1%	18.5%	25.0%
HY Corporate	7.7%	0.0%	0.0%
Bank Loans	3.2%	0.0%	0.0%
MBS	31.7%	11.4%	28.1%
ABS	2.5%	0.3%	0.5%
CMBS	2.5%	0.8%	1.9%
CLO	2.8%	0.0%	0.1%
Other & Cash	3.0%	41.7%	0.0%

### Credit Quality Distribution vs. Benchmark



### Regional Distribution

	Current Portfolio	Barclays Global Agg	Barclays Aggregate
US	75.4%	38.5%	100.0%
Non-US Developed	10.9%	55.0%	0.0%
Non-US Emerging	13.7%	6.6%	0.0%

### Currency Distribution

	Current Portfolio	Barclays Global Agg	Barolays Aggregate
US	88.7%	44.5%	100.0%
Non-US Developed	-1.5%	52.3%	0.0%
Non-US Emerging	12.9%	3.2%	0.0%

### Portfolio Characteristics

	Current Portfolio	Barclays Global Agg	Barclays Aggregate
Effective Duration	3.53	7.00	6.01
Yield to Maturity (%)	4.53	2.00	3.29
Coupon Rate (%)	4.24	2.66	3.11

### Portfolio Checklist

	Current Portfolio	Barclays Global Agg	Barolays Aggregate
Yield <sup>1</sup>	$\overline{\checkmark}$	$\overline{\checkmark}$	$\checkmark$
Duration <sup>2</sup>	$\overline{\checkmark}$	$\overline{\checkmark}$	$\overline{\checkmark}$
Credit Quality <sup>3</sup>	$\overline{\checkmark}$	$\overline{\checkmark}$	$\overline{\checkmark}$
Sector Diversification <sup>4</sup>	$\overline{\checkmark}$	$\checkmark$	X
Region Diversification <sup>5</sup>	X	✓	X

- 1. The yield-to-maturity ("YTM") should be 80% of the YTM of the benchmark or greater
- 2. Duration should not exceed the benchmark
- 3. Average credit quality, using Barclays methodology, should be BBB or higher
- 4. No sector should exceed 50% of the total allocation and at least half of the sectors should have allocations greater than 2.5%
- 5. No region (see "Regional Distribution") should exceed 75% of the of the total allocation

- Depending on a client's equity exposure, duration and credit allocations can fluctuate within the fixed income segment
- Fixed income portfolios should target a portfolio duration less than that of the benchmark (Barclays Global Aggregate) in order to reduce interest rate risk
- Investors can lower portfolio duration (while maintaining yield) by allocating to credit and diversifying globally
- To ensure the fixed income allocation reduces overall portfolio risk and provides diversification, Canterbury seeks to maintain a portfolio that, on average, is investment grade or better
- Canterbury attempts to maximize the risk return relationship of fixed income portfolios by spreading risk across several factors (interest rate, credit, prepayment, liquidity, currency, political, counterparty, etc.)

The Current Portfolio has allocations to the following investment manager types: 45% Core Plus, 30% Global, 10% Credit, and 15% Mortgage-Backed Source of Benchmark Information: Barclays

